

APPENDIX A

Instrument

I. Attitudes, Subjective Norms and Intentions to have Cesarean Section Questionnaire

The following 59 items are concerned with your information about attitude and subjective norm and intention to have cesarean section. Please carefully read each statement and choose the place according to your personal information.

Intention to have cesarean section

Single item intention measure(SI)
1. I intend to have cesarean section to terminate pregnancy.
Likely:::::Unlikely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
Attitude toward having cesarean section: behavioral belief(a
and outcome evaluation(b)
1.(a) Having cesarean section will be safe for my baby.
Likely: :::Unlikely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
(b) For me, safety of my baby is
Important:_:_:::Unimportant
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely

2.(a) Cesarean section is the safest way for me to give birth
Likely : : : : : : : Unlikely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
(b) For me, safety of myself is
Important:::::Unimportant
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
14.(a) Having cesarean section will prevent me from bonding
immediately with my baby.
Likely : : Unlikely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
(b) For me, inability to bond with baby immediately after
birth is
Good:::Bad
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely 15.(a) Having cesarean section will interfere with my baby care after birth
15.(a) Having cesarean section will interfere with my baby
15.(a) Having cesarean section will interfere with my baby care after birth Likely : : : : Unlikely
15.(a) Having cesarean section will interfere with my baby care after birth Likely::::Unlikely extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
15.(a) Having cesarean section will interfere with my baby care after birth Likely : : : : Unlikely

Subjective norms related to having cesarean section: Normative
belief(a) and motivation to comply (b)
1.(a) My husband thinks I should have cesarean section to
terminate pregnancy.
Likely : : Unlikely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
(b) Generally speaking, how much do you want to do what
your husband thinks you should do?
Not at all : : Very much
7.(a) Mass media suggests pregnant women like me to have
cesarean section to terminate pregnancy.
Likely : : : : Unlikely
extremely slightly neither slightly extremely
(b) Generally speaking, how much do you want to do what
mass media suggests you to do?
Not at all : : : : Very much
II. Personal Data Recording Form
Socioeconomic characteristics of the subject
The following questions are to obtain additional

information about yourself and your family. For each question,

please write your answer or indicate which choice best

describes your situation. Please answer every question
1. How old are you?years
2. How many years of schooling do you have?years
3. How many family members are there in your family?
Who are they?
4. What is your whole family monthly income?yuans
Obstetrical information of the subject (From the medical
documentation).
5. gravida
6. gestational age
7number of previous abortion (spontaneous or
artificial).
8number of stillbirth
9. How are your hospital fee paid by?
yourself
government
some part of it by yourself
other (specify)
10. The actual delivery mode will be obtained from the medical
documentation.
cesarean section
vaginal delivery
forceps delivery
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APPENDIX B

Verbal explainaton and informed consent

Dear Lady:

My name is Xu Hong. I am a nurse and a graduate student of POHNED at the Chiangmai University. I am conducting a study about attitudes, subjective norms, and intentions to have cesarean section among Chinese nulliparous women. I need your help in gathering information for the study and would appreciate your participation.

You are being asked to take 30 to 45 minutes of your time to answer the questions on questionnaire I am going to give you. The questions will assess your personal beliefs and normative beliefs about cesarean section and the delivery mode you intend to have. Your response, however, will be kept confidential, and you will not be identified by name or any codes. The obtained information will be analyzed and presented as group data.

You may not be benefit from the study. The information obtained from the study will assist nurses to understand Chinese nulliparous women 's personal and social factor effecting on their intention to have cesarean section. Nurses will subsequently be able to prepare future counseling and

education program to help Chinese nulliparous women with appropriate decision for their delivery mode which lead to safe and healthy delivery outcome for mother and child, and to prevent unnecessary cesarean section.

Your decision to participate in this study is absolutely voluntary, and you may withdraw from the study at any time prior to completion of the questionnaire. Your refusal will in no way affect the services you receive from the hospital. Completion of the questionnaire indicates your willingness to participate in this study.

Thank you for considering my request.

APPENDEX C

A letter to the validator

9th Oct.1997

Dear nursing expert:

I am a Chinese graduate nursing student, I am going to conduct a research of " Attitudes, Subjective Norms and Intentions to Have Cesarean Section Among Chinese Nulliparous Women". I will use Attitudes, Subjective Norms and Intentions to Have Cesarean section (ASNICS) Questionnaire developed by myself in this study.

To be sure of the content validity, I would like to invite you to evaluate this questionnaire first. Please indicate your suggestions of each item, and give the score at the right side of the item, according to (1) agree, (2) disagree, (3) revise.

This ASNICS Questionnaire will be used to measure attitudes, subjective norms and intentions to have cesarean section. It is developed by the researcher according to the guidelines described by Ajzen and Fishbein(1980), who developed the Theory of Reasoned Action. The questionnaire consists of 3 sets: behavioral intention (1 item); attitudes (36 items); subjective norms (12 items).

Thank you for your consideration and help.

Yours sincerely
Xu Hong

APPENDIX D

CALCULATION OF SAMPLE SIZE

The sample size is determined by a formula (Krejcie and Morgan, 1970, cited in Bernard, 1988):

Sample size = $X^2*N*P*(1-P) / C^2*(N-1)+X^2*P*(1-P)$

- X²: The chi-square value for 1 degree of freedom at some desired probability level.
- N: The population size
- P: The population parameter of a variable
- C: The confidence interval selected P=.5 C=.05 $X^2=3.84$ N=200*3=600 Sample size = 234

APPENDIX E

Table 10

Standard Error and Confident Interval of Attitudes, and Each Item of Attitudes of the Subjects (N=239)

Attitudes	SE		Confident	Interval
Overall Attitudes	1.13		(+3.05.	+7.53)
Safe for baby	.11		(+1.11)	
Safe for self	.12			+1.07)
Convenient for setting time for delivery			(+ .22,	
More intelligent baby	.11		(13,	57)
Releasing from labor pain	11		(+.40,	+.82)
Saving from fear of labor	.11		(+.64,	+.86)
Saving from vaginal laceration	0.11		(+1.00,	+1.45)
Delayed uterine involution	.11		(7.31,	75)
More time to recover	.13		(60,	-1.10)
Loss more blood	.10		(40,	78)
More painful afterbirth	.11		(42,	85)
Higher risk of wound infection	.12		(75,	-1.23)
Interfere with breastfeeding	1.11		(35,	+.09)
Inability to bond with baby	.13		(15,	
Inability to take care of baby	.11		(32,	+.12)
Lower self-esteem	.12		(+1.47,	+1.92)
Inability to attain maternal role	3.13		(+1.22,	·
Pay high expense	7/11		(95,	52)
Make childbirth more controllable	.24		(+.24,	+.60)
Make childbirth more successful	.12		(+.53	+1.00)
Reduce prelabor anxiety	.13		(+.39,	+.89)
Make childbirth satisfactory			(+.17,	+.60)

APPENDIX F

Table 11
Standard Error and Confident Interval of Subjective Norms, and Each Item of Subjective Norms of the Subjects (N=239)

Subjective Norms	SE		Confident	Interval
Overall Cubication No.		6		
Overall Subjective Norms	.93		(-4.74,	-6.61)
Husband	.23		(91	0)
Mother	.24		(-2.13,	7-1.15)
Mother-in-law	.16		. (70	-1.34)
Good friend	.19		(+.02,	+.76)
Obstetrician	.23		(-1.42,	51)
Prenatal educator	.22	<u></u>	(-1.79,	92)
Mass Media	.17		(96,	25)
Mass Media	11		(-1.96,	

APPENDIX G

Table 12

Pearson Product-Moment Correlations between Each Item of Attitudes and Intentions to Have Cesarean Section

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	Intentions	P_value
Safe for baby	.50	.000
Safe for self	.57	.000
Convenient for setting time for delivery	.29	.000
More intelligent baby	.42	.000
Releasing from labor pain	.37	.000
Saving from fear of labor	.50	.000
Saving from vaginal laceration	.32	.000
Delayed uterine involution	.11	.095
More time to recover	.24	.000
Loss more blood	.02	.717
More painful afterbirth	○ , 30	.000
Higher risk of wound infection	.20	.002
Interfere with breastfeeding	18	.004
Inability to bond with baby	.14	.028
Inability to take care of baby	.23	.000
Lower self-esteem	.10	.111
Inability to attain maternal rol	e .04	.523
Pay high expense	.14	.025
Make childbirth more controllabl	e .17	.009
Make childbirth more successful	.46	.000
Reduce prelabor anxiety	.54	.000
Make childbirth satisfactory	.55	.000

APPENDIX H

Table 13

Pearson Product-Moment Correlations between Each item of Subjective Norms and Intentions to Have Cesarean Section

	Intentions	p value	
TT 1 1			
Husband	.61	.000	
Mother	.48	.000	
Mother-in-Law	.31	.000	
Good friend	.44	.000	
Obstetrician	25	.000	
Prelabor educator	.19	.003	
Mass Media	.39	.000	

APPENDIX I

List of Experts

R.N,M.S.N, instructor, Faculty of Nursing, Shanghai Medical University

Khanokporn Sucamvang

R.N,D.N.S, Assistant Professor, Department of Surgical Nursing, Faculty of Nursing, Chiang Mai University, Thailand

Lawan Somboon

R.N,M.A. Associate Professor, Department of OB/GYN Nursing, Faculty of Nursing, Chiang Mai University, Thailand

Ouyporn Tonmukayakul

R.N,Ph.D, instructor,Department of Nursing Administration, Faculty Of Nursing,Chiang Mai University, Thailand

Sujitra Tiansawad

R.N,D.S.N, Assistant Professor, Department of OB/GYN Nursing, Faculty of Nursing, Chiang Mai University, Thailand

Sukanya Parisunyakul

R.N.D.N.S, Associate Professor, Department of OB/GYN Nursing, Faculty of Nursing, Chiang Mai University, Thailand

Zhang Zhen Jun

Obstetrician, M.D, Professor, Obstetrics & Gynecology Hospital Of Shanghai Medical University

CURRICULUM VITAE

Surname, name

Mrs. Xu Hong

Date of birth

June 17, 1967

Education

1985-1989

Bachelor degree of Nursing Science,

Shanghai Medical University. P.R. China.

Experience

1989-present

Staff nurse and clinical instructor of

Obstetrics and Gynecology Hospital,

Shanghai Medical University.

P.R. China.