

## CHAPTER V

### DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSION

Vegetation of Doi Phu Kha National Park has been classified into six types, four evergreen categories and two deciduous categories:

#### Evergreen Forest

1. Dry Evergreen Forest
2. Pine Forest
3. Lower Montane Forest
4. Lower Montane Scrub

#### Deciduous Forest

5. Deciduous Dipterocarp Forest
6. Tropical Mixed Deciduous Forest

Secondary forest due to effect from human activities is found especially in dry evergreen and lower montane forest. Various stages of succession are presented. Reforestation by using native tree species should be continuously done.

The number of vascular plants of Doi Phu Kha recorded for this study is 1,088 species. Thirty species are unidentified due to insufficient materials and lacking references. Summary of number of vascular plants is as in Table 13.

**Tabel 13.** Summary of number of vascular plants in this study.

Division	Subdivision	Class	Families	Genera	Species
Pteridophyta			17	33	53
Spermatophyta	Gymnospermae		3	3	3
		Angiospermae			
		Dicotyledonae	118	432	801
		Monocotyledonae	27	108	201
Total			165	576	1,058

There are 22 families, which have the number of species collected more than ten. Top ten most collected families are shown in Table 14. Forty-eight families are collected only one species.

There are 6 endemic species to Doi Phu Kha including one newly described species (Table 15). Thirty-three species are likely to be endemic to Thailand and also found at Doi Phu Kha (Table 16). Seventeen species are newly recorded for Thailand (Table 17). Fifteen species are probably new to science or at least new recorded for Thailand (Table 18). Sixty species are classified as rare (Table 19). Additional distribution records of many species are found.

**Table 14.** Top Ten Families, which are richest in number of collected species.

Families	No. Genera	No. Species
Rubiaceae	36	80
Orchidaceae	31	51
Asteraceae	21	44
Fabaceae	19	43
Lamiaceae	23	37
Zingiberaceae	8	35
Acanthaceae	13	33
Poaceae	21	30
Euphorbiaceae	21	28
Gesneriaceae	10	22

**Table 15.** Endemic species to Doi Phu Kha.

Scientific names	Families
<i>Aristolochia langeracemosa</i> B. Hansen & L. Phuph.	Aristolochiaceae
<i>Capparis trisonthiae</i> Srisanga & Chayamarit	Capparaceae
<i>Caryota gigas</i> Hahn ex Hodel	Arecaceae
<i>Fosbergia thailandica</i> Tirveng. & Sastre	Rubiaceae
<i>Jasminum persissanthum</i> P.S. Green	Oleaceae
<i>Thunbergia colpifera</i> B. Hansen	Acanthaceae

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**Table 16.** Endemic species to Thailand and also found at Doi Phu Kha.

Scientific names	Families
<i>Anoectochilus siamensis</i> Schltr.	Orchidaceae
<i>Ardisia corymbifera</i> Mez var. <i>euryoides</i> K. Larsen & C.M. Hu	Myrsinaceae
<i>Argostemma ebracteolatum</i> Geddes	Rubiaceae
<i>Argostemma laxum</i> Geddes	Rubiaceae
<i>Argostemma lobulatum</i> Craib var. <i>variabile</i> Sridith	Rubiaceae
<i>Aristolochia kerrii</i> Craib	Aristolochiaceae
<i>Begonia discreta</i> Craib	Begoniaceae
<i>Begonia puttii</i> Craib	Begoniaceae
<i>Capparis kerrii</i> Craib	Capparaceae
<i>Clematis eichleri</i> (Tamura) Tamura	Ranunculaceae
<i>Cyrtosia nana</i> (Rolfe ex Downie) Garay	Orchidaceae
<i>Drypetes dasycarpa</i> (Airya Shaw) L. Phuph. & Chayamarit	Euphorbiaceae
<i>Exacum sutaepense</i> Hosseus ex Craib	Gentianaceae
<i>Eurya nitida</i> Korth. var. <i>siamensis</i> (Craib) H. Keng	Theaceae
<i>Hedychium biflorum</i> Sirirugsa & Larsen	Zingiberaceae
<i>Hoya thailandica</i> Thaithong	Asclepiadaceae
<i>Impatiens longiloba</i> Craib	Balsaminaceae
<i>Kalanchoe dixoniana</i> Hamet	Crassulaceae
<i>Lonicera siamensis</i> Gamble	Caprifoliaceae
<i>Lysimachia garrettii</i> Fletcher	Primulaceae
<i>Lysimachia pilosa</i> Fletcher	Primulaceae
<i>Maesa glomerata</i> K. Larsen & C.M. Hu	Myrsinaceae
<i>Ophiopogon siamensis</i> M.N. Tamura	Convallariaceae
<i>Palaquium garrettii</i> Fletcher	Sapotaceae
<i>Peucedanum siamicum</i> Craib	Apiaceae
<i>Pterospermum littorale</i> Craib	Sterculiaceae
<i>Selaginella lindhardii</i> Hieron.	Selaginellaceae
<i>Torenia siamensis</i> Yamazaki	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Trachycarpus oreophilus</i> Gibbons & Spanner	Arecaceae
<i>Tupistra albiflora</i> K. Larsen	Convallariaceae
<i>Vanilla siamensis</i> Rolfe ex Downie	Orchidaceae
<i>Zingiber larsenii</i> I. Theilade	Zingiberaceae
<i>Zingiber smilesianum</i> Craib	Zingiberaceae

**Table 17.** New recorded for Thailand.

Scientific names	Families
<i>Allium mairei</i> H. Lév.	Alliaceae
<i>Allium wallichii</i> Kunth	Alliaceae
<i>Archidendron alternifoliolatum</i> (T.L. Wu) I.C. Nielsen	Fabaceae
<i>Aspidopterys glabriuscula</i> (Wall.) Juss.	Malphiaceae
<i>Campanula cana</i> Wall.	Campanulaceae
<i>Capparis sikkimensis</i> Kurz	Capparaceae
subsp. <i>yunnanensis</i> (Craib & W.W. Sm.) Jacobs	
<i>Cotylanthera paucisquama</i> C.B. Clarke	Gentianaceae
<i>Entada rheedei</i> Spreng.	Fabaceae
subsp. <i>sinohimalensis</i> (Grierson & Long) Panigrahi	
<i>Helicia pyrrobotrya</i> Kurz	Proteaceae
<i>Jasminum rufohirtum</i> Gagnep.	Oleaceae
<i>Mappianthus iodoides</i> Hand.-Mazz.	Icacinaceae
<i>Mycetia hirta</i> Hutch.	Rubiaceae
<i>Mycetia sinensis</i> (Hemsl.) Craib	Rubiaceae
<i>Radermachera eberhardtii</i> Dop	Bignoniaceae
<i>Sycopsis griffithiana</i> Oliv.	Hamamelidaceae
<i>Torenia asiatica</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Tournefortia montana</i> Lour.	Boraginaceae

**Table 18.** Probably new species or at least new recorded for Thailand.

Scientific names	Families
<i>Abutilon</i> sp.	Malvaceae
<i>Elaeocarpus</i> sp.	Elaeocarpaceae
<i>Engelhardia</i> sp.	Juglandaceae
<i>Impatiens</i> sp.1	Balsaminaceae
<i>Impatiens</i> sp.2	Balsaminaceae
<i>Lindernia</i> sp.1	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Lindernia</i> sp.2	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Michelia</i> sp. (To be described by Dr. P. Chalermklin)	Magnoliaceae
<i>Ophiopogon</i> sp.	Convallariaceae
<i>Palaquium</i> sp.	Sapotaceae
<i>Pittosporum</i> sp.	Pittosporaceae
<i>Pseudodissochaeta</i> sp.	Melastomataceae
<i>Sonerila</i> sp.	Melastomataceae
<i>Torenia</i> sp.	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Viburnum</i> sp.	Caprifoliaceae

**Table 19.** Rare species.

Scientific names	Families
<i>Acer wilsonii</i> Rehd.	Aceraceae
<i>Aeschynanthus stenosphonius</i> W.T. Wang	Gesneriaceae
<i>Aeschynanthus superbis</i> C.B. Clarke	Gesneriaceae
<i>Agapetes inopinata</i> Airy Shaw	Ericaceae
<i>Agapetes lobbii</i> C.B. Clarke	Ericaceae
<i>Agapetes megacarpa</i> W.W. Sm.	Ericaceae
<i>Alphonsea tonkinensis</i> A.DC.	Annonaceae
<i>Bauhinia nervosa</i> (Wall. ex Benth.) Bak.	Fabaceae
<i>Bauhinia ornata</i> Kurz	Fabaceae
var. <i>subumbellata</i> (Pierre ex Gagnep.) K. & S.S. Larsen	
<i>Bauhinia wallichii</i> J.F. Macbr.	Fabaceae
<i>Bretschneidera sinensis</i> Hemsl.	Bretschneideraceae
<i>Bupleurum tenue</i> Buch.-Ham. ex D. Don	Apiaceae
<i>Camellia taliensis</i> (W.W. Sm.) Melchior	Theaceae
<i>Capparis kerrii</i> Craib	Capparaceae
<i>Capparis sikkimensis</i> Kurz	Capparaceae
subsp. <i>yunnanensis</i> (Craib & W.W. Sm.) Jacobs	
<i>Capparis trisonthiae</i> Srisanga & Chayamarit	Capparaceae
<i>Capparis viburnifolia</i> Gagnep.	Capparaceae
<i>Carlemannia tetragona</i> Hook.f.	Caprifoliaceae
<i>Cheirostylis griffithii</i> Lindl.	Orchidaceae
<i>Clematis eichleri</i> (Tamura) Tamura	Ranunculaceae
<i>Clematis fulvicoma</i> Rehd. & Wils.	Ranunculaceae
<i>Cotylanthera paucisquama</i> C.B. Clarke	Gentianaceae
<i>Cyrtandromoea grandiflora</i> C.B. Clarke	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Exacum sutaepense</i> Hosseus ex Craib	Gentianaceae
<i>Galium punduanum</i> Wall. ex Craib	Rubiaceae
<i>Goniothalamus cheliensis</i> Hu	Annonaceae
<i>Gordonia axillaris</i> (Roxb. ex Ker.-Gawl.) Dietr.	Theaceae
<i>Hedychium aureum</i> C.B. Clarke & Mann ex Baker	Zingiberaceae
<i>Hedychium biflorum</i> Sirirugsa & Larsen	Zingiberaceae
<i>Helwingia himalaica</i> Hook.f. & Thoms. ex C.B. Clarke	Cornaceae
<i>Impatiens claviger</i> Hook.f.	Balsaminaceae
<i>Impatiens jurpia</i> Ham. ex Hook.f. & Thoms.	Balsaminaceae
<i>Impatiens longiloba</i> Craib	Balsaminaceae
<i>Indigofera caudata</i> Dunn	Fabaceae
<i>Jasminum coarctatum</i> Roxb. var. <i>vanprukii</i> (Craib) P.S. Green	Oleaceae
<i>Jasminum decipiens</i> P.S. Green	Oleaceae
<i>Jasminum rufohirtum</i> Gagnep.	Oleaceae

(continued)

Scientific names	Families
<i>Kalanchoe dixoniana</i> Hamet	Crassulaceae
<i>Lilium primulinum</i> Baker var. <i>burmanicum</i> (W.W. Sm.) Stearn	Liliaceae
<i>Lindernia dictyophora</i> Tsoong ex Tsoong & Ku	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Lonicera siamensis</i> Gamble	Caprifoliaceae
<i>Lysimachia garrettii</i> Fletcher	Primulaceae
<i>Lysimachia pilosa</i> Fletcher	Primulaceae
<i>Mahonia siamensis</i> Takeda ex Craib	Berberidaceae
<i>Passiflora wilsonii</i> Hemsl.	Passifloraceae
<i>Pericampylus macrophyllus</i> Forman	Menispermaceae
<i>Pleione praecox</i> (J.E. Sm.) D. Don	Orchidaceae
<i>Peucedanum siamicum</i> Craib	Apiaceae
<i>Radermachera eberhardtii</i> Dop	Bignoniaceae
<i>Rhododendron aff. lyi</i> Lév.	Ericaceae
<i>Sapria himalayana</i> Griff.	Rafflesiaceae
<i>Sedum sarmentosum</i> Bunge	Crassulaceae
<i>Silene burmanica</i> Coll. & Hemsl.	Caryophyllaceae
<i>Silvianthus tonkinensis</i> (Gagnep.) Ridsd.	Caprifoliaceae
<i>Sycopsis griffithiana</i> Oliv.	Hamamelidaceae
<i>Symplocos megalocarpa</i> Fletcher	Symplocaceae
<i>Torenia siamensis</i> Yamazaki	Scrophulariaceae
<i>Trichodesma calycosum</i> Coll. & Hemsl.	Boraginaceae
<i>Veratrum mengtzeanum</i> O. Loes.	Melanthiaceae
<i>Zingiber larsenii</i> I. Theilade	Zingiberaceae

The enumeration of vascular plants on Doi Phu Kha from this study is not absolutely complete. But this is the first attempt to document the number of species in the area. The information concerned species distribution and status can be used for conservation and management of plant resources. Botanical exploration at Doi Phu Kha should be continuously done and much new information concerned the number of species and their distribution can be expected.

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