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ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

Bn	benzyl
b.p.	boiling point
<i>n</i> -BuLi	<i>n</i> -butyllithium
°C	degrees celcius
calc	calculated
cat.	catalyst
conc	concentration
COSY	correlation spectroscopy
δ	chemical shift in parts per million downfield from tetramethylsilane
<i>d</i>	doublet (spectral)
d	density
<i>dd</i>	double of doublet (spectral)
<i>ddd</i>	double of double of doublet (spectral)
<i>dt</i>	double of triplet (spectral)
<i>d.e.</i>	diastereomeric excess
DCC	<i>N,N'</i> -dicyclohexylcarbodiimide
DEPT	distortionless enhancement by polarization transfer
DMAP	4-(<i>N,N</i> -dimethylamino)pyridine
<i>ee.</i>	enantiomeric excess
ESI-MS	electrospray ionization mass spectrometry
EtOAc	ethyl acetate
equiv	equivalence
FT-IR	fourier-transform infrared
g	gram
HMBC	heteronuclear multiple bond correlation
HMPA	hexamethylphospharamide
HMQC	heteronuclear multiple quantum correlation

Hz	hertz
h	hour (s)
IR	infrared
<i>J</i>	coupling constant
LAH	lithium aluminium hydride
LDA	lithium diisopropylamide
Me	methyl
MHz	megahertz
MW	molecular weight
<i>m</i>	multiplet (spectral)
min	minute (s)
mL	millilitre
mmol	milimole
mol	mole
m.p.	melting point
m/z	mass to charge ratio
NMR	nuclear magnetic resonance
NOE	nuclear overhauser effect
Ph	phenyl
PLC	preparative layer chromatography
ppm	parts per million (in NMR)
<i>i</i> -Pr	isopropyl
rt	room temperature (°C)
<i>s</i>	singlet (spectral)
THF	tetrahydrofuran
TMS	tetramethylsilane
TMEDA	tetramethylenediamine
<i>t</i>	triplet (spectral)
UV	ultraviolet
%	percent
[α]	specific optically rotation
ν	wave number (cm ⁻¹)