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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ACD Acid Citrate Dextrose

ACK Ammonium-Chloride-Potassium

ADCC Antibody-Dependent Cellular Cytotoxicity

AIDS Acquired Immunodeficiency Syndrome

Abs Antibodies

APCs Antigen Presenting Cells

ART Antiretroviral Therapy

ATP Adenosine Triphosphate

ASCs Antibody-Secreting Cells

CCR5 Chemokine (C-C motif) Receptor 5

CMI Cell-Mediated Immune

CMU Chiang Mai University

CMV Cytomegalovirus

CTL Cytotoxic T Lymphocyte

CXCR3 Chemokine (C-X-C motif) Receptor 3

DCs Dendritic Cells

DMSO Dimethyl Sulfoxide

DNA Deoxyribonucleic Acid

DR Death Receptor

dsDNA Double Stranded Deoxyribonucleic Acid

Env Envelope

FASL Fas Ligand

FBS Fetal Bovine Serum

FcRL-4 Fc-Receptor-Like-4

GC Germinal Centre

gp Glycoprotein

HA Haemagglutinin

HAART Highly Active Antiretroviral Therapy

HAI Haemagglutination Inhibition

HBcAg Hepatitis B core Antigen

HBeAg Hepatitis B e Antigen

HBsAg Hepatitis B surface Antigen

HBV Hepatitis B Virus

HCV Hepatitis C Virus

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

HSCs Hepatic Stellate Cells

ICOS1 Inducible T-Cell Co-Stimulator

ICS Intracellular Cytokine Staining

IEDB Immune Epitope Database and Analysis Resource

IFNs Interferons

Igs Immunoglobulins

IL Interleukin

IN Integrase

IRF IFN-Regulatory Factor

ISGs IFN-Stimulated Genes

IU International Unit

KCs Kupffer Cells

LAIV Live - Attenuated Influenza Vaccines

LAMPs Lysosomal-associated Membrane Proteins

L-protein Large Protein

LSEC Liver Sinusoidal Endothelial Cells

M1 Matrix Protein 1

M2 Matrix Protein 2

MAbs Monoclonal Antibodies

MAVS Mitochondrial Antiviral Signalling Protein

MCPs Monocyte Chemoattractant Proteins

MDA Melanoma Differentiation Associate Gene

MHC Major Histocompatibility Complex

MIPs Macrophage Inflammatory Proteins

MOPH Ministry of Public Health

M-protein Medium Protein

mRNA Messenger Ribonucleic Acid

NA Neuraminidase

NCRs Natural Cytotoxicity Receptors

Nef Negative Effector

NF-κB Nuclear Factor - Kappa B

NK Natural Killer Cell

NKG Natural Killer Cell Group

NKT Natural Killer T Cell

NLRs Nucleotide-binding Oligomerization Domain -Like Receptors

NLRP3 Nucleotide-binding Oligomerization Domain -Like Receptors -

Pyrin Domain-containing 3

NP Nucleoprotein

NSP1 Non-Structural Protein1

NSP2 Non-Structural Protein2

NEP Nuclear Export Protein

NOD Nucleotide-binding Oligomerization Domain

NPCs Non-Parenchymal Cells

OAS Oligoadenylate Synthetases

PA Polymerase Acidic Protein

PAMP Pathogen Associated Marker Pattern

PB1 Polymerase Basic Protein 1

PBMCs Peripheral Blood Mononuclear Cells

PBS Phosphate Buffer Saline

PD1 Programmed Cell Death Protein 1

pDCs Plasmacytoid DCs

PHA Phytohaemagglutinin

PMNs Polymorphonuclear Cells

Pol Polymerase

PR Viral Protease

PRRs Pattern Recognition Receptors

RBCs Red Blood Cells

Rev Regulator of Virion

RIG Retinoic Acid - Inducible Gene

RIHES Research Institute for Health Sciences

RLRs Retinoic Acid - Inducible Gene-I-Like Receptors

RNA Ribonucleic Acid

RT Reverse Transcriptase

S-protein Small Protein

ssRNA Single Stranded Ribonucleic Acid

Tat Transactivator

T_{CM} Central Memory T Cell

TCR T Cell Receptor

T_{EM} Effector Memory T Cell

Tfh Follicular T Helper Cell

TGF Transforming Growth Factor

Th Helper T Cell

TIV Trivalent Inactivated Influenza Vaccines

TLRs Toll-like Receptors

TNF Tumour Necrosis Factor

TRAIL Tumour Necrosis Factor -related Apoptosis-Inducing Ligand

Treg Regulatory T Cell

Vif Viral Infectivity Factor

VLA Very Late Antigen

Vpr Viral Proteins r

Vpu Viral Protein u

WHO World Health Organization

ข้อความแห่งการริเริ่ม

วิทยานิพนธ์นี้ ได้นำเสนอการตอบสนองของภูมิคุ้มกันชนิดเซลล์ต่อวักซีน ใช้หวัดใหญ่ 2009 ชาเอ็นา หรือวักซีน ไวรัสตับอักเสบบีในกลุ่มผู้ติดเชื้อเอช ไอวี โดยนำเสนอเป็น 3 หัวข้อ

- การแสดงออกบนผิวเซลล์ในระดับที่ต่ำของตัวบ่งชี้การกระตุ้น และตัวรับคีโมไคน์ที่เกี่ยวข้อง กับการบอกตำแหน่งในเนื้อเยื่อที่มีการอักเสบบนเม็ดเลือดขาวชนิดทีเซลล์ที่ถูกกระตุ้นด้วย แอนติเจนของไข้หวัดใหญ่ 2009 เอชาเอ็นา ในหลอดทดลองของกลุ่มผู้ติดเชื้อเอชไอวี
- อาการขาดแคลนในการชักนำให้เกิดการตอบสนองต่อแอนติเจนบริเวณที่ไม่มีการเปลี่ยนแปลงที่ จำเพาะกับเซลล์เม็ดเลือดขาวชนิดซีดีแปดทีเซลล์แบบเมมโมรี่ ในกลุ่มเด็กติดเชื้อเอชไอวีหลัง ได้รับวักซีนไข้หวัดใหญ่ 2009 เอชาเอ็น1
- 3) การสร้างทีเอ็นเอฟ-แอลฟาในระดับต่ำของเซลล์เม็ดเลือดขาวชนิดซีดีสี่ที่เซลล์ต่อการ ตอบสนองต่อการกระตุ้นในหลอดทดลองด้วยโปรตีนเชื่อมต่อบริเวณผิวของไวรัสตับอักเสบบี ในกลุ่มผู้ติดเชื้อเอชไอวีหลังได้รับวักซีนต่อเชื้อไวรัสตับอักเสบบีมาตรฐานจำนวน 3 ครั้ง

ผลงานที่ได้นำเสนอในวิทยานิพนธ์นี้เกิดจากองค์ความรู้และความศรัทธาของข้าพเจ้า ซึ่งเป็น ผลงานที่เป็นต้นฉบับที่เกิดจากการทำงานวิจัยของข้าพเจ้า โดยผลงานทั้งหมดหรือบางส่วนยังไม่เคย นำไปใช้สำหรับการขออนุมัติปริญญา ณ มหาวิทยาลัยเชียงใหม่แห่งนี้หรือมหาวิทยาลัยอื่นๆ

STATEMENTS OF ORIGINALITY

Cellular immune responses of HIV-infected individuals after vaccination with 2009 H1N1 influenza A or HBV vaccine are proposed in this thesis in order of three topics:

- Low expression of activation marker and chemokine receptors that associate with localization in inflammatory tissues on memory T cells after 2009 H1N1 influenza A antigen stimulation *in vitro* following H1N1 vaccination of HIV-infected individuals.
- Lack of induction of conserved epitope-specific memory CD8 T cell responses in HIV+ northern Thai children after 2009 H1N1 influenza A vaccination.
- 3. Low TNF-α production of CD4+ T cells in response to recombinant HBsAg stimulation *in vitro* following standard 3 doses HBV vaccination of HIV-infected individuals.

The work presented in this thesis is to my knowledge and belief, original and my own work that has not been submitted, either in whole or in part, for a degree at this or any other university.