APPENDIX A

List of Chemicals, Reagents and Materials Used in This Study

Chemicals, reagents and materials	Source
1.5-mL microcentrifuge tube	Labcon, USA
10-, 20-, 200- and 1,000-uL filter tip	Labconnection, Thailand
100x Penicillin-Streptomycin	GIBCO, USA
10-mL disposable syringe	NIPRO, Japan
10-mL sodium heparin tube	BD, USA
15- and 50 centrifuge tube	Labcon, USA
21G needle	NIPRO, Japan
25 or 75-cm ² T-flask	Nunc
Absolute ethanol	RCl Labscan, Thailand
Agarose	CONDA, Spain
Anti-Digoxigenin-AP, Fab fragments	Roche, Switzerland
Bovine Serum Albumin (BSA) Fraction V	PAA, Austria
Bromphenol blue	Ajax Finechem, Australia
CDP-star [™] Detection Reagent	GE Healthcare, UK
Concentrated (37%) HCl	BDH, UK
Concentrated (85%) H ₃ PO ₄	Merck, Germany
Disodium hydrogen phosphate dihydrate	APS, Australia
DNA Molecular Weight Marker III (0.12-21.0 kbp)	Roche, Switzerland
DNA Molecular Weight Marker III VII (0.081-8.57 kbp)	Roche, Switzerland
DNA Ultra Polymerase	PCRBIO, UK
-5X buffer (Supplied with DNA Ultra Polymerase)	
dNTP mixture	Vivantis, USA
Dulbecco's modified Eagle's medium	GIBCO, USA
E.Z.N.A.® Gel extraction Kit	OMEGA bio-tek, USA

Chemicals, reagents and materials Source

EDTA Vivantis, USA
Ethidium bromide Amresco, USA

Fetal bovine serum GIBCO, USA

GE Healthcare, UK

Glacial acetic acid USB, USA

HinfI ThermoFisher, USA

- 10x Tango buffer (Supplied with *Hinf*I)

Immobilon-Ny+ Membrane Merck, Germany

Magnesium Chloride BDH, UK

Maleic acid Bio Basic Inc., Canada

Max *Taq* DNA Polymerase Vivantis, USA

-10X buffer (Supplied with Max Taq DNA Polymerase)

Medical X-ray Green/ MXG Film Carestream Health, USA

Membrane filter pore size 0.45 µm Millipore, Merck

Non-fat powdered milk Bio Basic Inc., Canada

Nuclease free water OMEGA bio-tek, USA

Nylon membrane Millipore, USA

Oligonucleotides and probe

Bio Basic Inc., Canada

IDT, USA

PCR tube Proline

Phosphate buffer saline (PBS) GIBCO, USA

Proteinase K Vivantis, USA

RedSafe™ DNA staining iNtRON, Korea

RsaI ThermoFisher, USA

-10x Tango buffer (Supplied with Taq DNA Polymerase)

Sodium chloride Merck, Germany

Sodium dodecyl sulfate Riedel-de Haën, Sigma

Sodium hydroxide Merck, Germany

Sucrose Merck, Germany

Taq DNA Polymerase Vivantis, USA

-10X buffer (Supplied with Taq DNA Polymerase)

Chemicals, reagents and materials

Tris-base

Trisodium citrate

Trypsin-EDTA

Tween-20

VC 100 bp plus DNA ladder

Xlarge DNA ladder

XPRESS SYBR®GreenERTM qPCR Super Mix

Source

Vivantis, USA

Bio Basic Inc., Canada

GIBCO, USA

BDH, UK

Vivantis, USA

GeneDirex, China

ThermoFisher, USA



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APPEXDIX B

List of Instrument Used in This Study

Instrument	Source
ABI 7500	Applied Biosystems, USA
Automatic pipette	GILSON, USA
2000	Eppendorf, Germany
Centrifuge SC-15AR	TOMY SEIKO, Japan
Cubee Mini-Centrifuge	GeneReach, Taiwan
Film cassette	Fisher Scientific, USA
Freezer (-20°C)	SAMSUNG, Korea
Freezer (-80°C)	Forma Scientific, USA
Gel Documentation System	Synergy G, Germany
GeneQuant TM pro RNA/DNA Spectrophotometer	GE Healthcare, UK
HICLAVE HV-85	HIRAYAMA, Japan
Horizontal gel electrophoresis system	Mupid [®] -eXu, Japan
Hot air oven	Hareus
Hybaid Limited Equipment Class 1	UK
Laminar Flow Biosafety Cabinet	Labguard NU-440-400E
Light microscope	Olympia, Tokyo
Magnetic stirrer	Lab Tech
Masterclycler	Eppendorf, Germany
Mastercycle gradient thermal cycler	BIO-RAD, UK
Microwave	LG, Korea
MyGene TM Series Peltler Thermal Cycler Model MG25+	LongGene, China
pH meter	Proline
Refrigerated centrifuge H-103N SERIES	KOKUSAN, Japan
Refrigerator	HITACHI, Japan

Instrument

Rocker platform

Typhoon phosphorimager

VacuGene XL Vacuum Blotting system

Vortex

Water bath

Source

Bellco Glass, US

Typhoon, USA

Amersham bioscience

Scientific Industry, USA

Science/Electronic, USA



APPEXDIX C

Preparation of Reagents and Buffers

Stock reagents

1. Stock 1 M Tris-HCl, 100 mL

Tris-base 12.11 g

Sterile distilled water 80 mL

Adjust pH to 7.2, 7.6 and 8.0 by adding HCl, then adjust volume to 100 ml and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter pore size $0.45 \mu m$, collecte in dark container.

2. Stock 5 M MgCl₂, 100 mL

MgCl₂ 47.60 g

Sterile distilled water 80 mL

Adjust volume to 100 ml and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter pore size $0.45 \mu m$.

3. Stock 5 M NaCl, 100 mL

NaCl 29.22 g

Sterile distilled water 80 mL

Adjust volume to 100 ml and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter pore size $0.45~\mu m$.

4. Stock 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0, 100 mL

EDTA 18.612 g

Sterile distilled water 80 mL

Adjust pH to 8.0 with NaOH, then adjust volume to 100 ml and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter pore size $0.45~\mu m$.

5. Stock 50x Tris-acetate-EDTA (TAE) buffer, 1 L		
Tris base	242	g
Glacial acetic acid	57.1	mL
0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0	100	mL
Adjust volume to 1 L and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with		
membrane filter pore size 0.45 μm.		

6. Stock 20% sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), 1 L

SDS power	200	g
Distilled water	800	mL
Heat at 68oC to assist dissolution, then adjuste volum	e to 1 L	

7. Stock 6x gel loading buffer, 10 mL

Bromophenol blue	25	mg
Sucrose	40%	g
Adjust volume to 10 mL and keep at 4°C		П

8. Stock 10 mg/mL ethidium bromide, 10 mL

Ethidium bromide	HAM /	0.1	g
Distilled water to		10	mL
Keep at room temperature in	n a brown bottle		

9. Stock 20 mg/mL Proteinase K, 1 mL

Proteinase K power	20	mg
Sterile distilled water	10 10101000	mL
Aliquot and keep at -20°C	nang Mai Unive	ersity

10. Stock 2.5 M Na₂HPO₄·2H₂O, 100 mL

$Na_2HPO_4 \cdot 2H_2O$	44.5	mg
Adjust volume to 100 mL with sterile distilled water a	and filtra	ate any
nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter	pore siz	e 0.45 μm.

11. Stock 20x SSC solution, 1 L

NaCl	175	g
Trisodium citrate	88.2	g

Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter pore size $0.45 \mu m$.

12. Stock 2x Maleic acid solution

Maleic acid	23.22	g
NaCl	17.55	g
NaOH	14.0	g

Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water and filtrate any nonsoluble powder by filtration with membrane filter pore size $0.45~\mu m$.

Human cancer cell culture

1. Incomplete DMEM, 1 L

DMEM powder	7,\	package
Deionize distilled water	800	ml
Adjust pH to 7.2-7.4, then adjust volume to 1,000 ml a	and ster	ile by suction

2. Completed DMEM medium, 500 mL

filter (membrane pore size 0.2 µM).

Incomplete DMEM medium	449	ml
Fetal bovine serum	50	ml
100x Pen-Strep	5	ml
Store at 4°C		

3. 1x Phosphate buffer saline (PBS), pH 7.4, 1 L

PBS power	L	Chi		Mai II	1	package
Adjust volume to 1	L with	distilled	water.	autoclave.	and keep	at 4°C

Genomic DNA extraction

1. Red Cell Lysis Buffer (RCLB), 1 L

Stock 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 7.6	10	mL
Stock 1 M MgCl ₂	5	mL
Stock 5 M NaCl	2	mL

Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water and filtrate with membrane filter pore size $0.45 \ \mu m$.

2. Nuclei Lysis Buffer (NLB), 1 L

Stock 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0	10	mL
Stock 5 M NaCl	80	mL
Stock 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0	4	mL

Adjuste volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water and filtrate with membrane filter pore size $0.45 \mu m$.

3. Proteinase K solution, 0.5 mL

Stock 20 mg/mL Proteinase K	50	μL
Stock 20% SDS	25	uL
Stock 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0	2	uL
Adjust volume to 0.5 mL	3,1	

4. 70% Ethanol, 1 L

Absolute ethanol	17 = M	700	mL
Sterile distilled water		300	mI.

5. Tris-EDTA (TE) buffer, pH 8.0, 50 mL

Stock 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0	0.5	mL
Stock 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0	0.1	mL

Adjuste volume to 50 mLwith sterile distilled water and filtrate with membrane filter pore size 0.45 μm .

Gel electrophoresis

1. Working 1x TAE buffer, 1 L

Stock 50x TAE buffer	4 0 0 0		20	mL
Adjuste volume to 1 L with	distilled water	s e	r v	eo

2. 0.8 % TAE agarose gel

Agarose power	0.8	g
Working 1x TAE buffer, pH 8.0	100	mL
Melt the suspension with microwave		

3. Working 0.5 ug/mL ethidium bromide, 200 mL		
Stock 10 mg/mL ehtidium bromide	10	μL
Distilled water	200	mL
Southern blot analysis		
1. Alkaline transfer buffer, 1 L		
NaOH	16	g
NaCl	58.4	g
Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water and f filter pore size $0.45~\mu m$.	iltrate w	vith membrane
2. Neutralizing solution, 50 mL	30//	
Stock 1 M Tris-HCl, pH 7.2	25	mL
Stock 5 M NaCl	10	mL
Adjust volume to 50 mL with sterile distilled water ar	nd filtrat	with membrane
filter pore size 0.45 μm.	705	
3. Pre-hybridizing solution (Church Buffer), 1 L	9	
Stock 2.5 M Na ₂ HPO ₄ ·2H ₂ O	200	mL
Stock 0.5 M EDTA, pH 8.0	2	mL
Concentrated (85%) H ₃ PO ₄	4	mL
Stock 20% SDS	350	mL
1% w/v BSA	200	mL
Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water and k	teep at -	20°C
4. Stringent wash buffer I, 1 L	niver	sity
Stock 20x SSC solution	100	e d mL
Stock 20% SDS	5	mL
Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water		
5. Stringent wash buffer II, 1 L		
Stock 20x SSC solution	10	mL

Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water

5

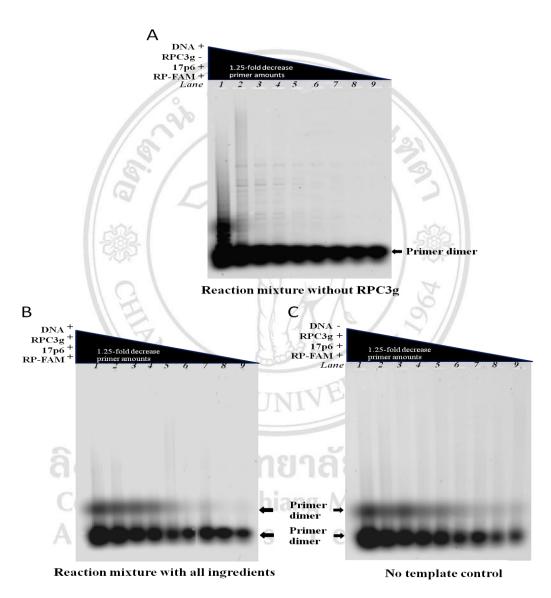
mL

Stock 20% SDS

6. Stringent wash buffer II, 1 L		
Stock 20x SSC solution	10	mL
Stock 20% SDS	5	mL
Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water		
7. 1x Maleic acid solution, 1 L		
Stock 2x Maleic acid solution	500	mL
Sterile distilled water	500	mL
8. Washing solution, 1 L		
Stock 2x Maleic acid solution	500	mL
Tween 20	3	mL
Adjust volume to 1 L with sterile distilled water	3 1	
9. Blocking solution, 50 mL	7	
Non-fat powdered milk	0.5	g
Adjust volume to 1 L with 1x Maleic acid solution	305	
10. 1x Detection solution, 1 L	20	
Tris base	24.22	g
NaCl	11.68	g
Sterile distilled water	900	mL
Adjust pH to 9.5 with concentrated (37%) HCl, and ad	just vol	ume to 1 L
with sterile distilled water	เกิดเ	หม่
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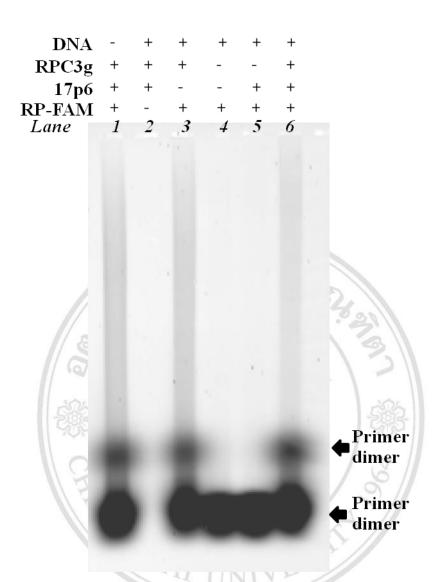
APPEXDIX D

Supplementary Data



Supplementary data S1 The 1.25-fold decrease amounts of RP-FAM and 17p6

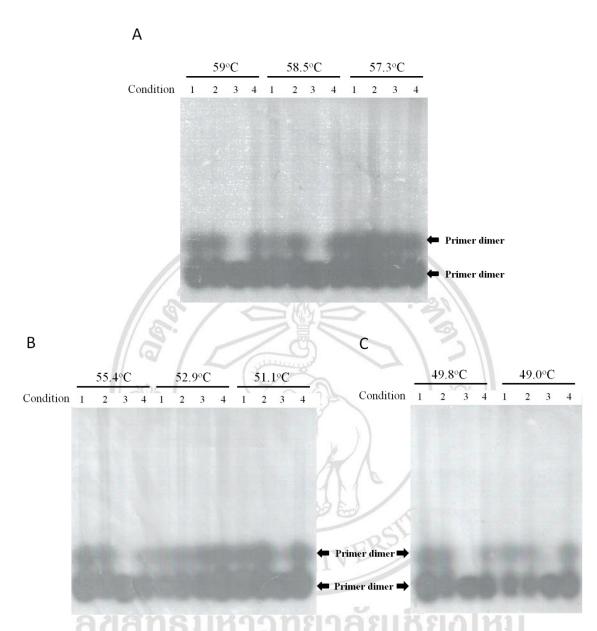
The products were resolved by 0.8% TAE agarose gel electrophoresis and directly detected their fluorescence signal by phosphoimager. + and – represent the reagent added and depleted in the reaction mixture, respectively



Supplementary data S2 Separation of 3' telomeric end modification and Chr17p telomere amplification steps

The RPc3g was allowed to modify 3' telomere DNA before adding the 5' FAM-labeled RP and 17p6 into reaction mixture. The products were resolved by 0.8% TAE agarose gel electrophoresis and directly detected their fluorescence signal by phosphoimager.

+ and – represent the reaction mixture with and without the indicated ingredient, respectively



Supplementary data S3 The gradient PCR for RPC3g suitable temperature in modifying 3' telomeric DNA

The temperature was ranged from 49 to 59°C before 59°C was used to amplify Chr17p telomeres. The products were resolved by 0.8% TAE agarose gel electrophoresis and directly detected their fluorescence signal by phosphoimager. 1, 2, 3 and 4 represent no template control, reaction mixture without 17p6, reaction mixture without RPC3g and reaction mixture with all components, respectively.

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