CHAPTER 4

Conclusion

Phytochemical investigation from the acetone extracts of the stem bark and leaves of *G. mckeaniana* led to the isolation and identification of three new xanthones, mckeanianones A-C (GML1, GML4 and GML5) and one new biflavone, mckeaniabiflavone (GML6) together with 15 known compounds (GMB1-GMB11, GML2, GML3, GML7 and GML8). All isolated compounds were evaluated for antimalarial and cytotoxic activities. Tetracyclic xanthones (GML1-GML5) exhibited good activity against *P. falciparum* with the IC₅₀ values ranging $6.0\pm1.1 - 8.5\pm1.2$ and $3.6\pm1.7 - 7.3\pm1.2 \mu$ M while compounds GMB4, GMB6 and GMB7 showed moderate activity with the IC₅₀ values in the range of $10.4\pm1.9 - 56.0$ and $11.5\pm2.0 - 38.4\pm5.2 \mu$ M for TM4 and K1 multidrug drug resistant strains, respectively. In addition, compounds GML1-GML4 showed cytotoxicity against KB and Vero cells with the IC₅₀ values in the range of $2.3 - 26.9\pm3.6$ and $5.1 - 13.2\pm4.6 \mu$ M and compound GMB4 exhibited weak activity with the IC₅₀ values of 53.8 and $44.8\pm10.6 \mu$ M, respectively. Unfortunately, all compounds were inactive for antibacterial testing.

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