

APPENDIX A

Instruments of SIA amperometric system

Pictures of the instruments of SIA amperometric system are shown in Figure 5.1 - 5.8.

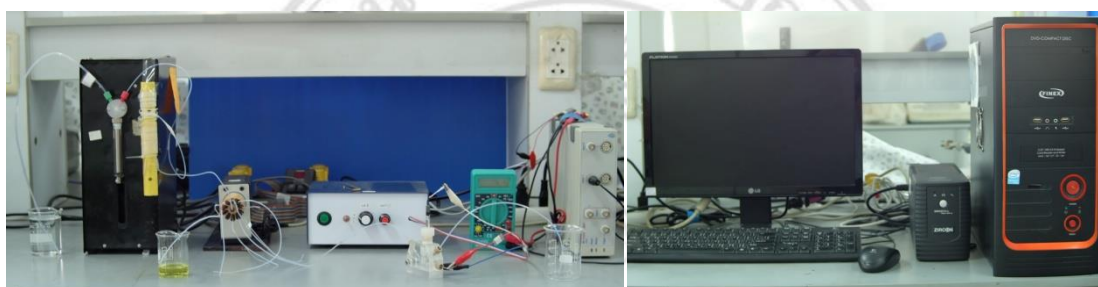


Figure 5.1 Complete setup of instruments of SIA amperometric system

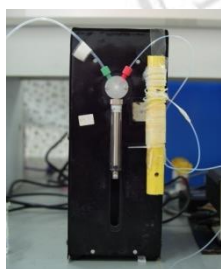


Figure 5.2 Syringe pump and holding coil

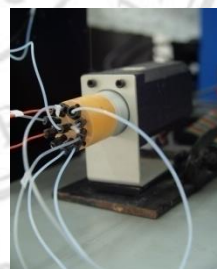


Figure 5.3 Selection valve



Figure 5.4 Home-made amperometric detector



Figure 5.5 Digital multimeter



Figure 5.6 E-corder 210

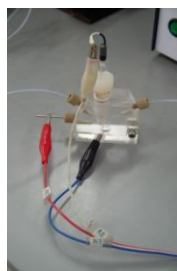


Figure 5.7 Electrochemical cell



Figure 5.8 Computer

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APPENDIX B

Signal profiles on optimization of parameters and real sample analysis

1. Optimization of parameters

Parameters of SIA amperometric system were optimized. The peak current signal obtained from a current to voltage circuit was evaluated and the results are shown in Figure 5.9 - 5.16.

1.1 Flow rate

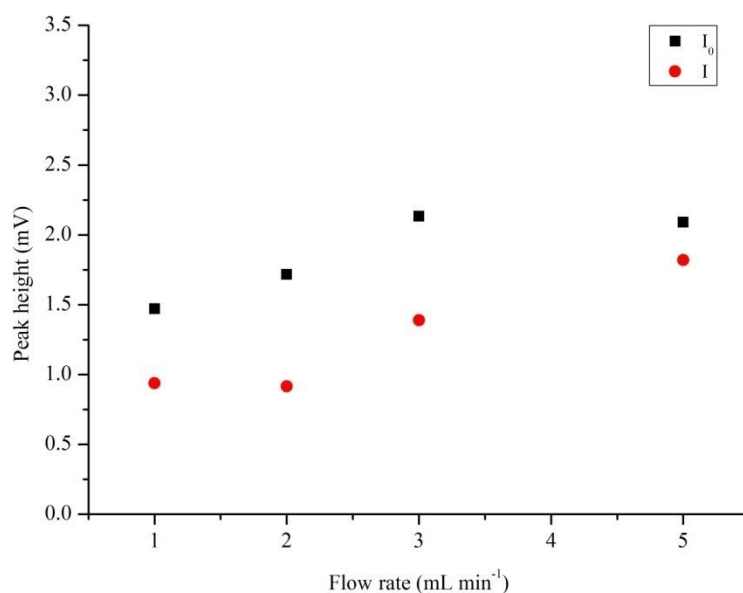


Figure 5.9 Optimization of flow rate in the range of 1 - 5 mL min⁻¹.

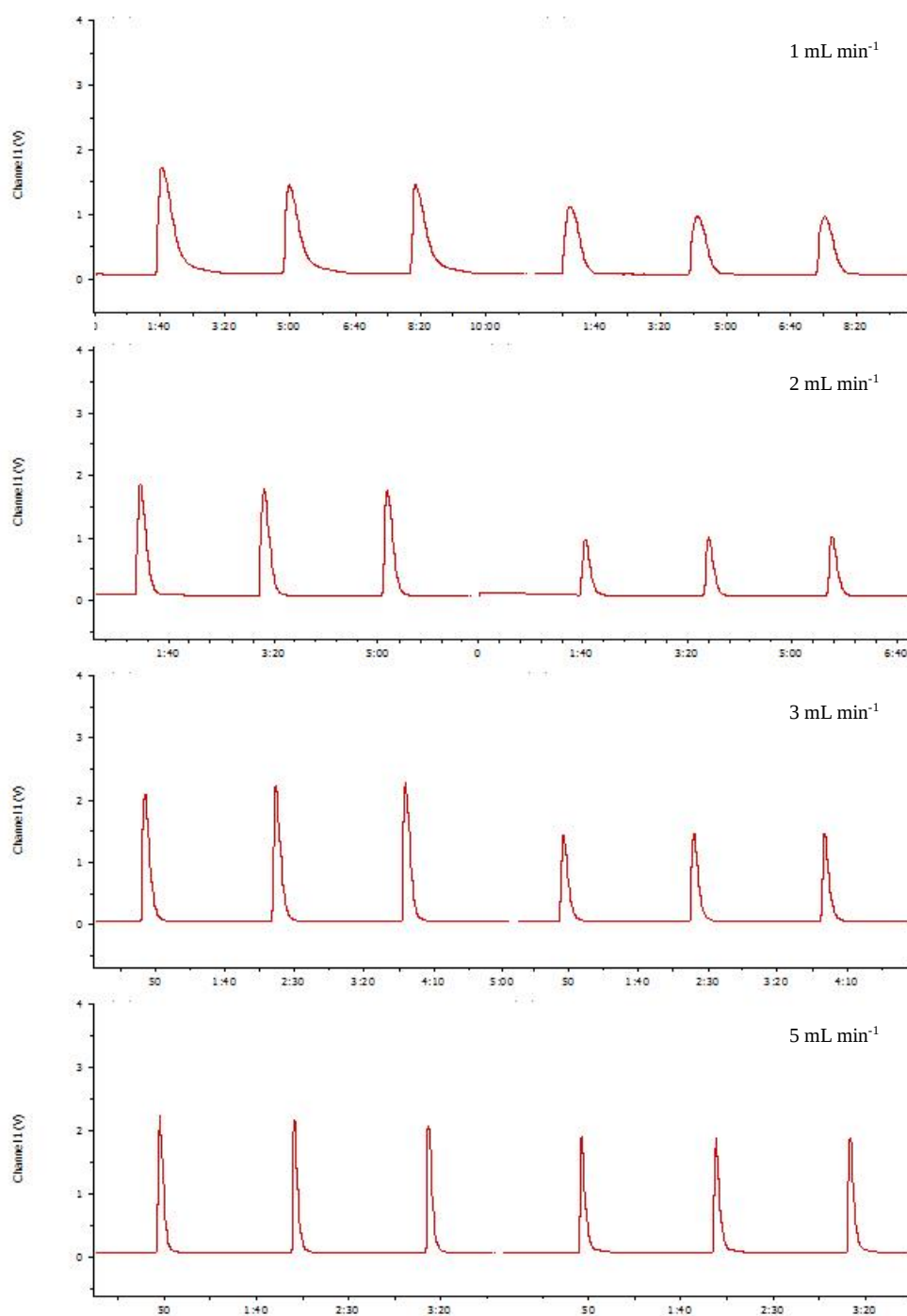


Figure 5.10 Signal profiles on the study of flow rate in the range of 1 - 5 mL min⁻¹.

1.2 Applied potential

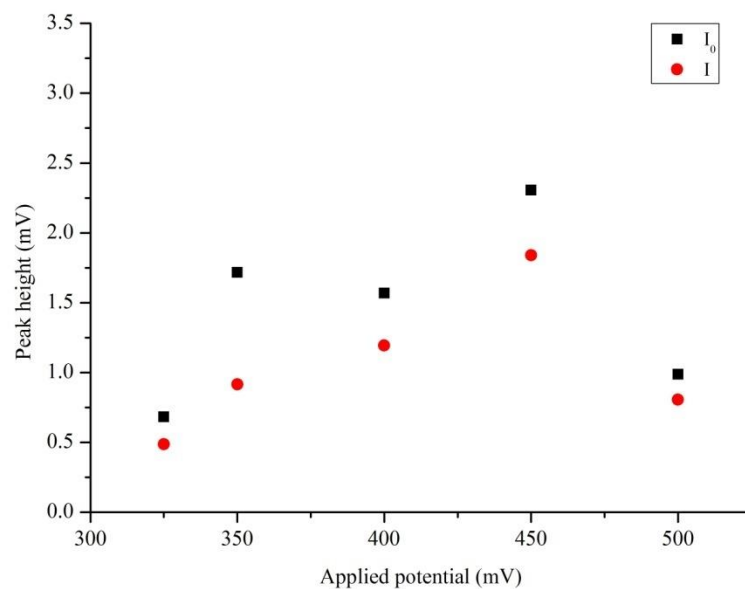


Figure 5.11 Optimization of applied potential in the range of 325 - 500 mV.

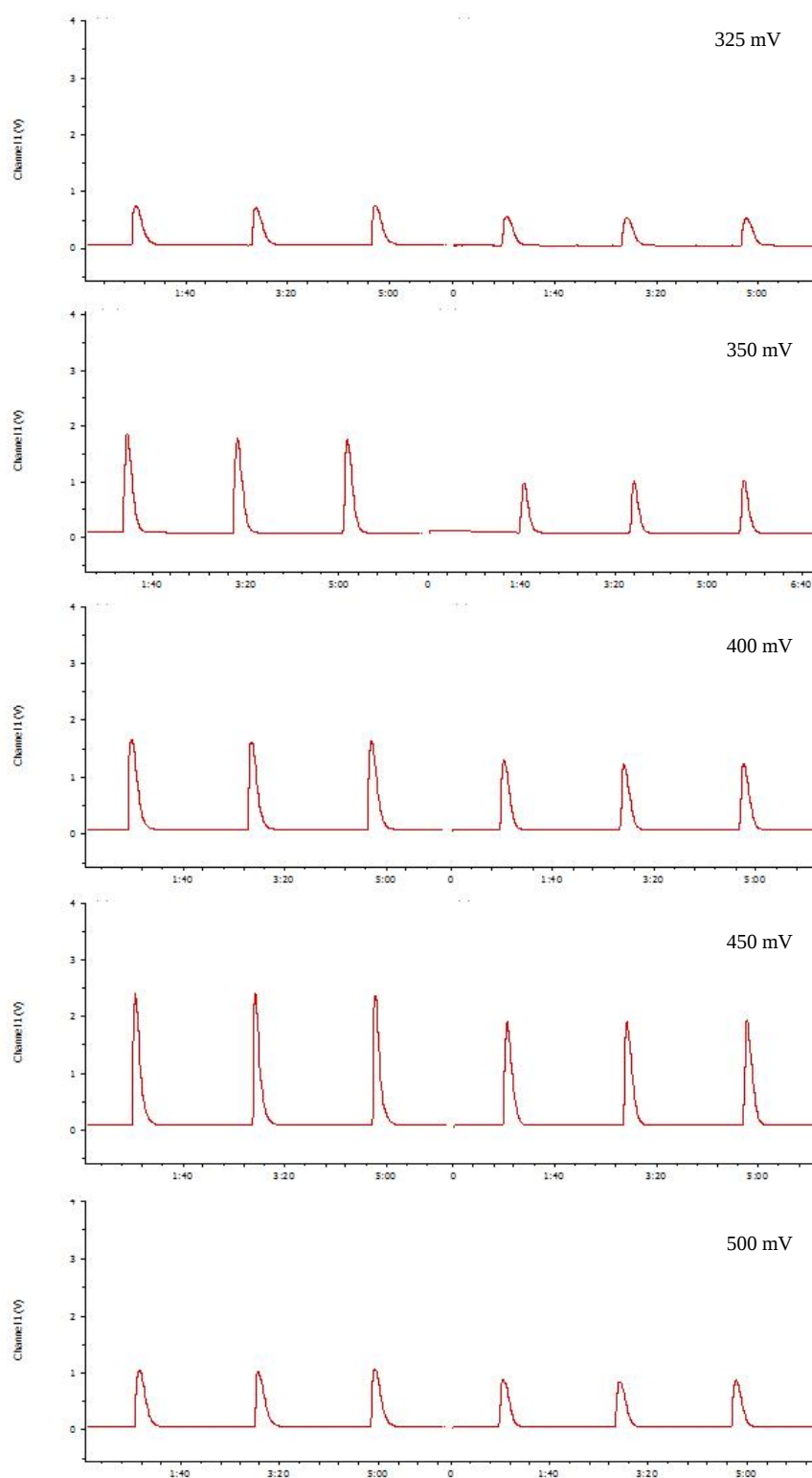


Figure 5.12 Signal profiles on applied potential in the range of 325 - 500 mV.

1.3 Concentration of $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-/4-}$

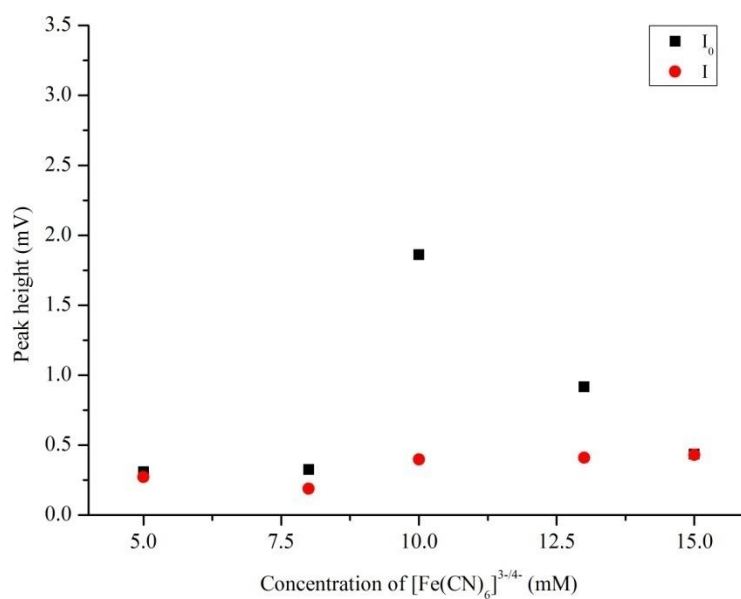


Figure 5.13 Optimization of concentration of $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-/4-}$ in the range of 5 - 15 mM.

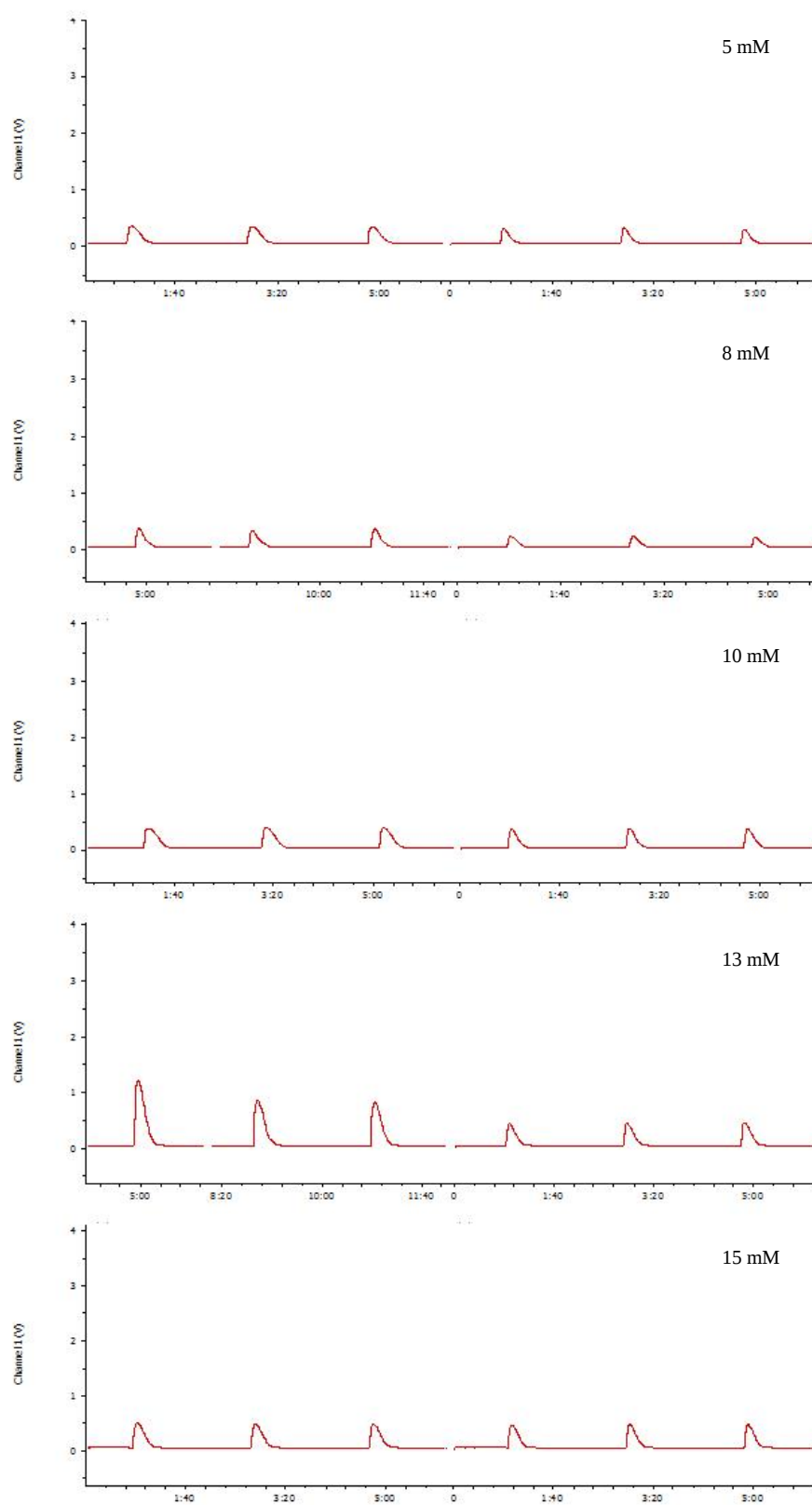


Figure 5.14 Signal profiles on concentration of $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-/4-}$ in the range of 5 - 15 mM.

1.4 Immunointeraction time

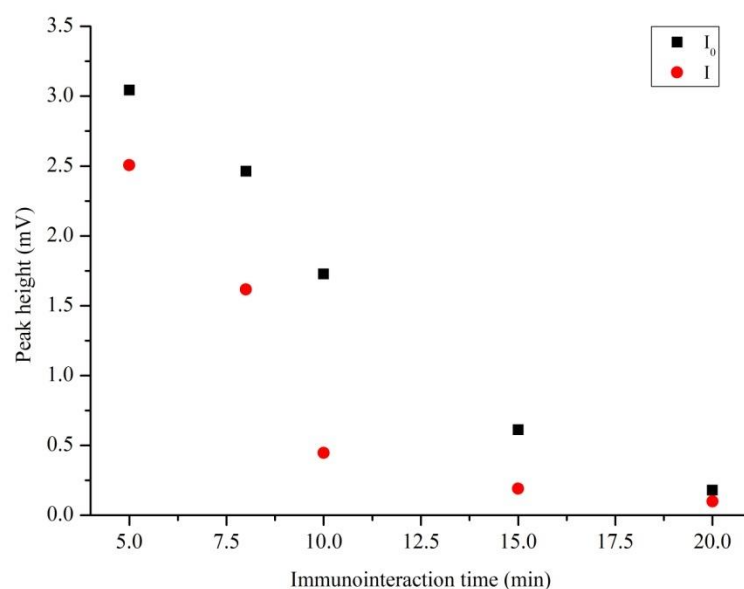


Figure 5.15 Optimization of immunointeraction time in the range of 5 - 20 min.

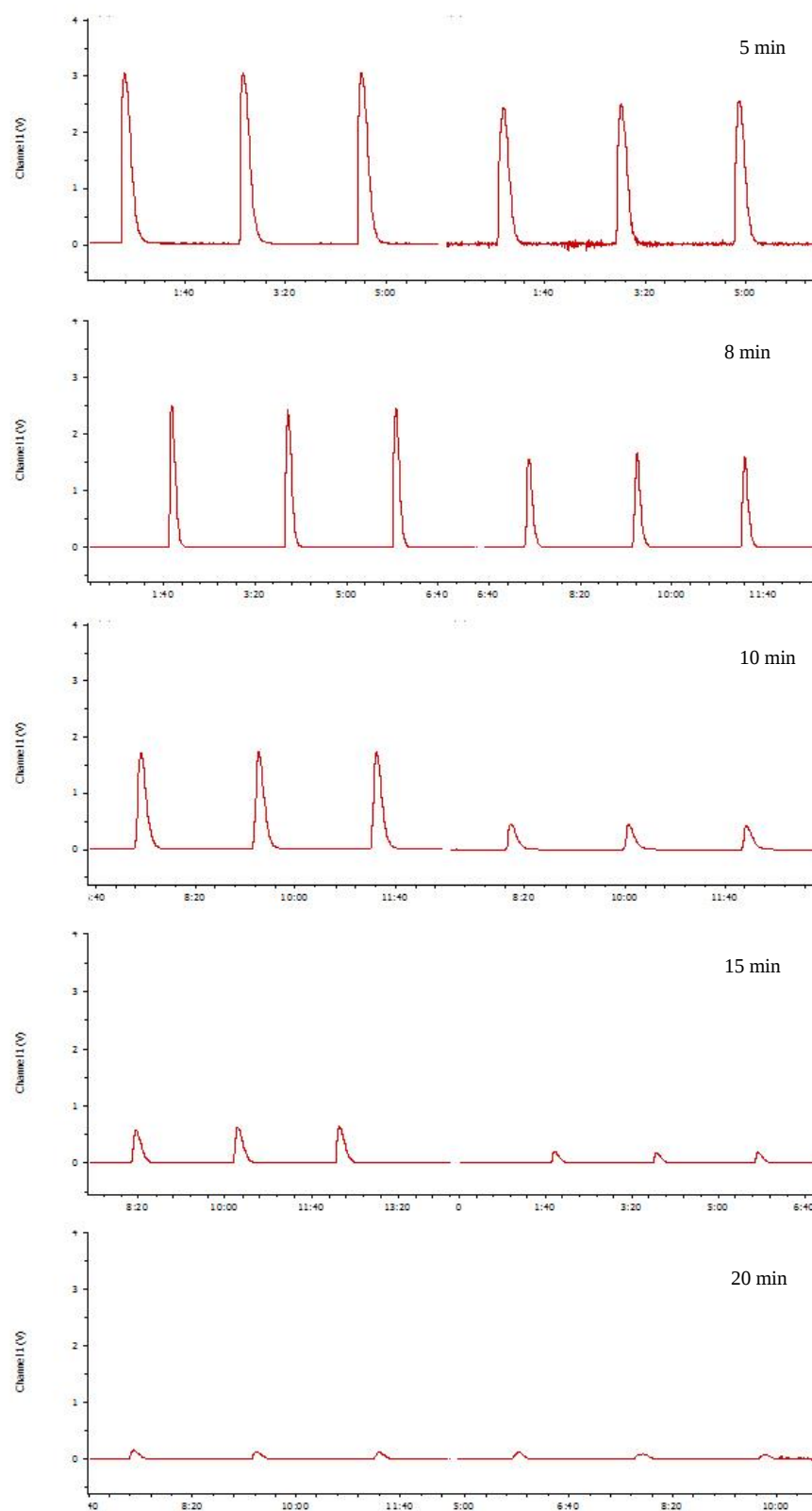


Figure 5.16 Signal profiles on time of immunointeraction in the range of 5 - 20 min.

2. Determination of HIgG percentage recoveries in urine samples of normal people.

2.1 Sample 1 (Spiked 5 ng mL⁻¹)

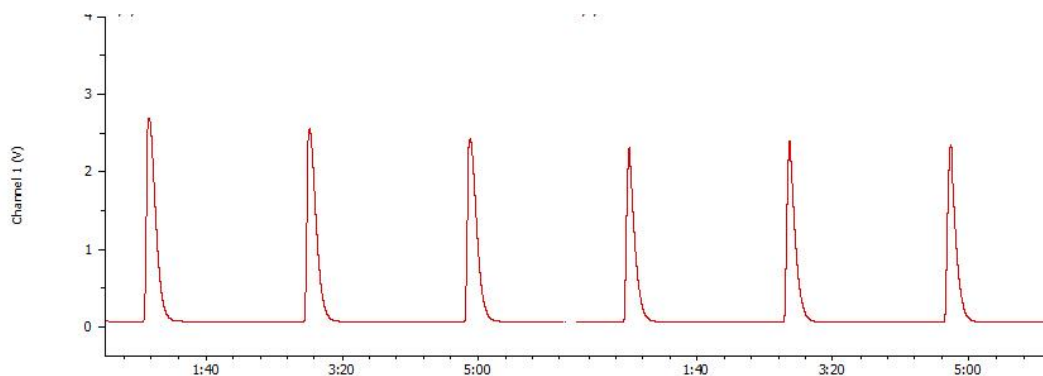


Figure 5.17 Signal profiles of sample 1.

2.2 Sample 2 (Spiked 25 ng mL⁻¹)

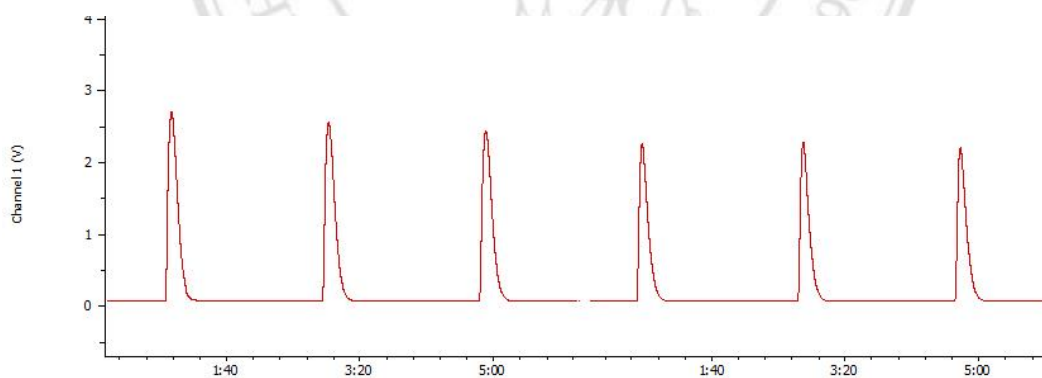


Figure 5.18 Signal profiles of sample 2.

2.3 Sample 3 (Spiked 50 ng mL⁻¹)

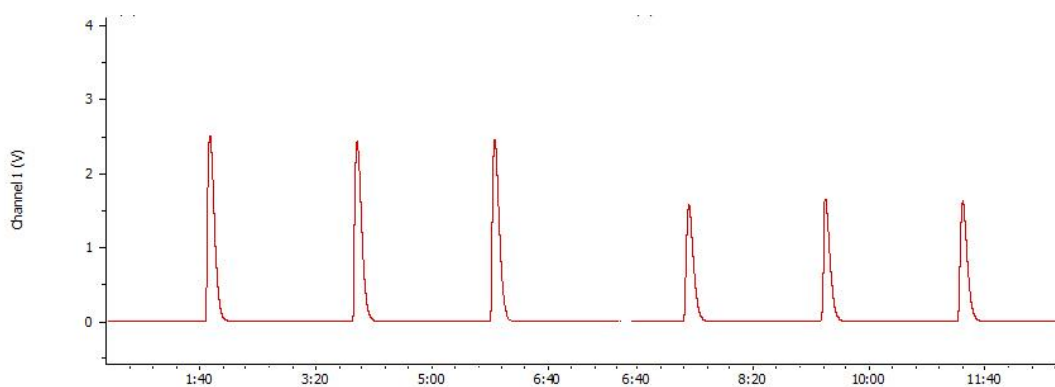


Figure 5.19 Signal profiles of sample 3.

2.4 Sample 4 (Spiked 75 ng mL⁻¹)

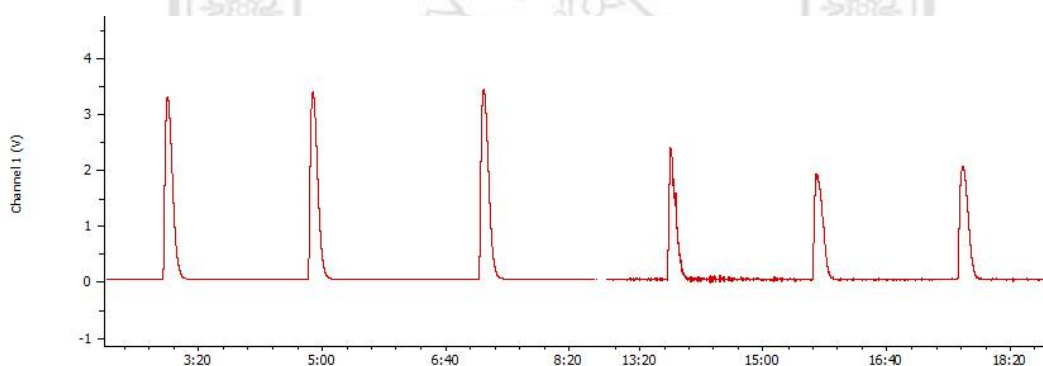


Figure 5.20 Signal profiles of sample 4.

3. Determination of HIgG in urine samples of normal people by standard addition method.

3.1 Sample 1

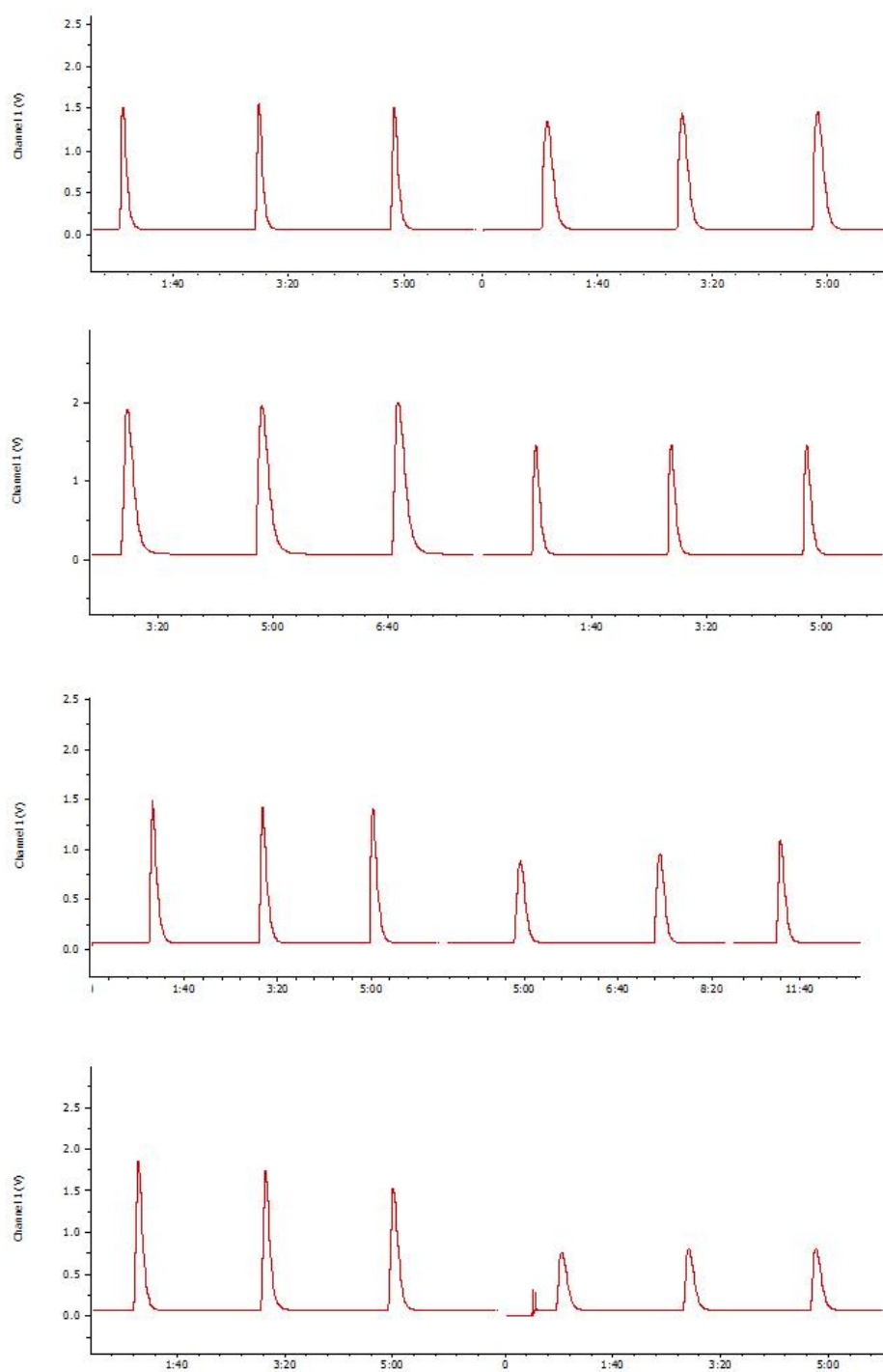


Figure 5.21 Signal profiles of sample 1.

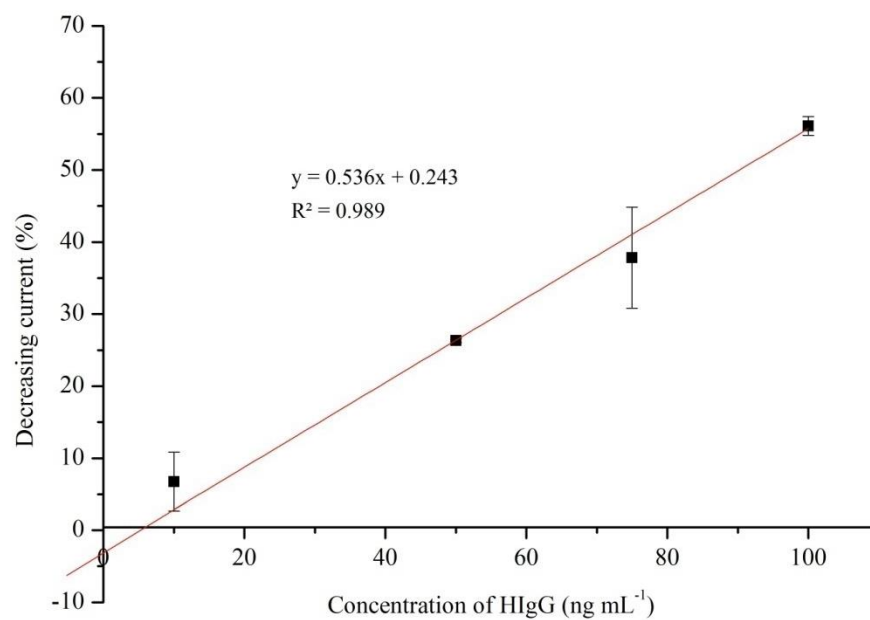


Figure 5.22 Standard addition graph of sample 1.

3.2 Sample 2

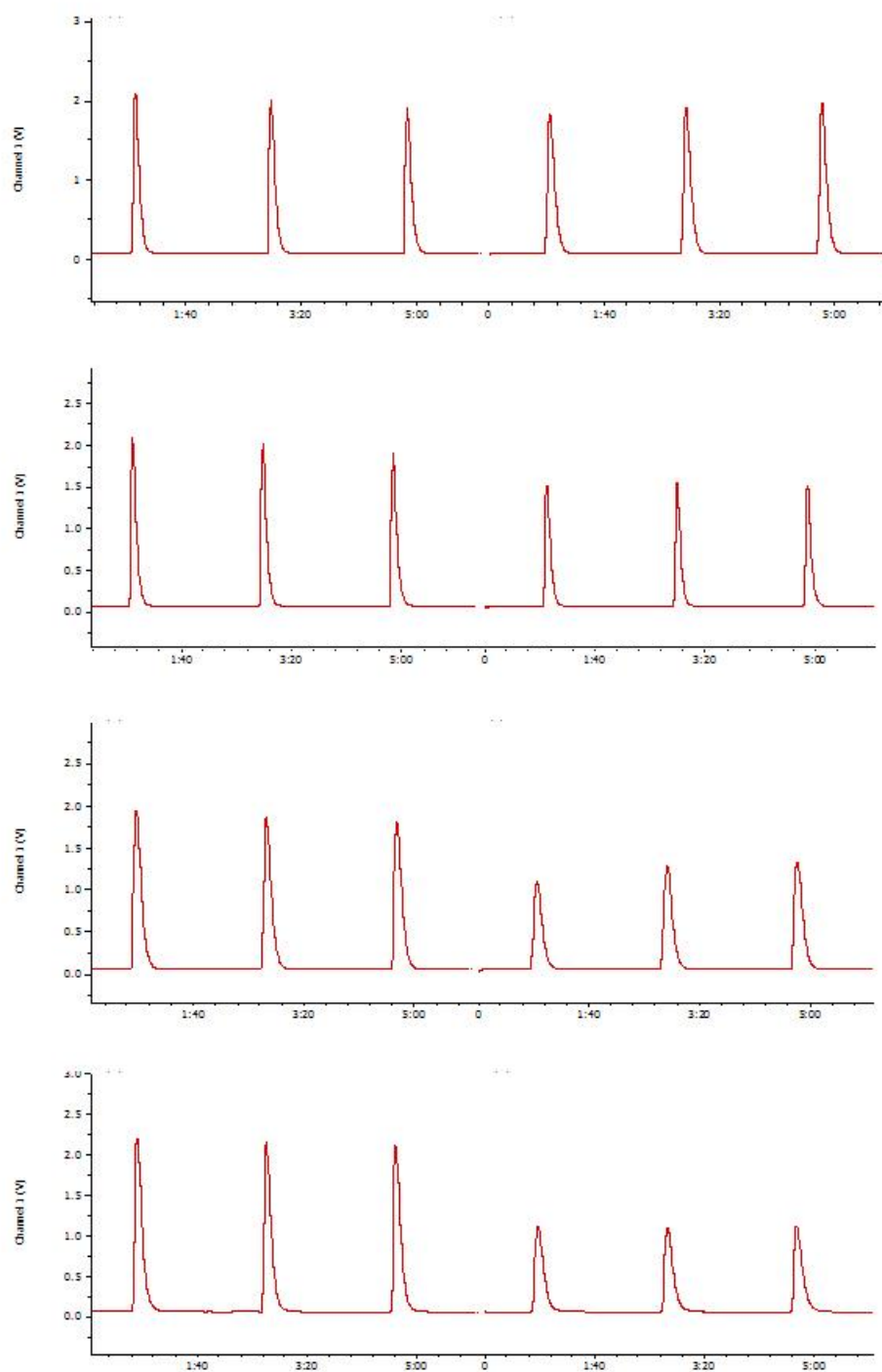


Figure 5.23 Signal profiles of sample 2.

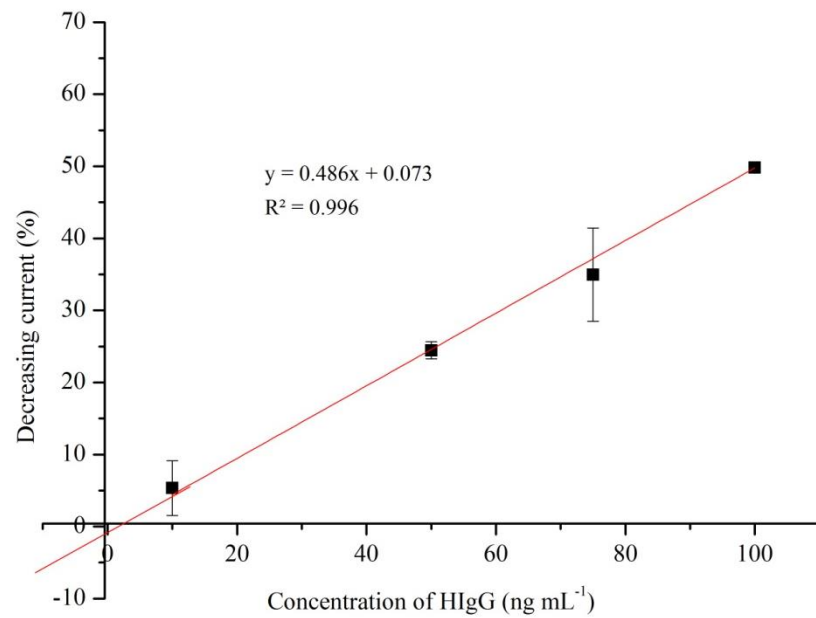


Figure 5.24 Standard addition graph of sample 2.

3.3 Sample 3

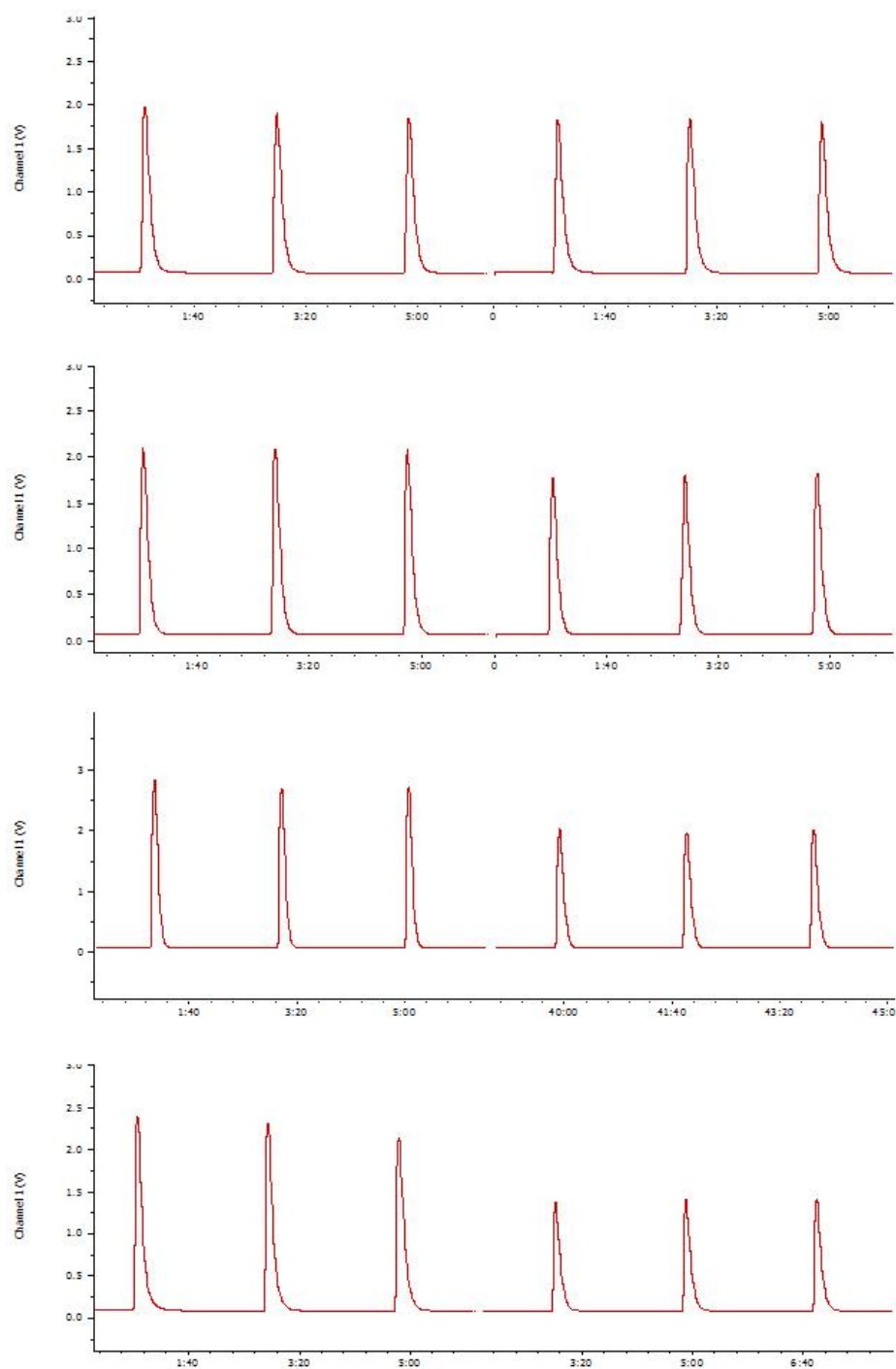


Figure 5.25 Signal profiles of sample 3.

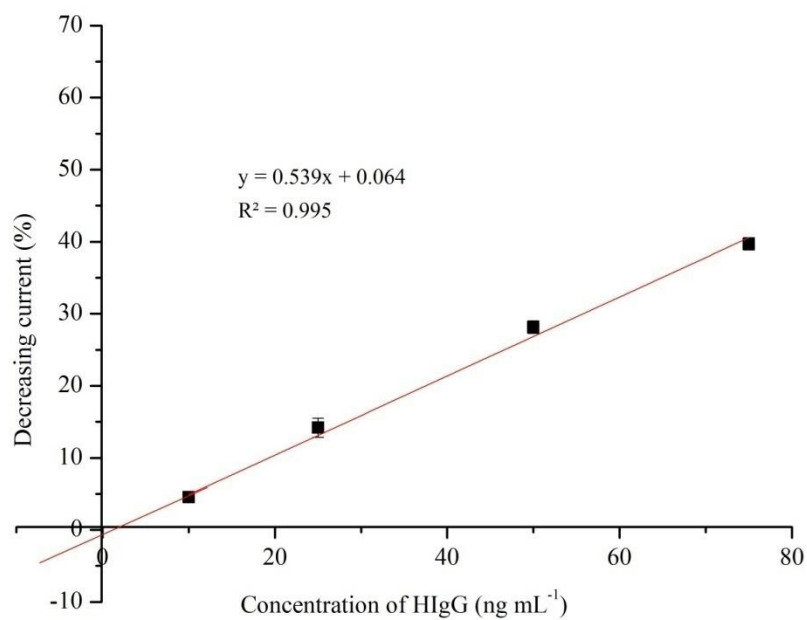


Figure 5.26 Standard addition graph of sample 3.

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3.4 Sample 4

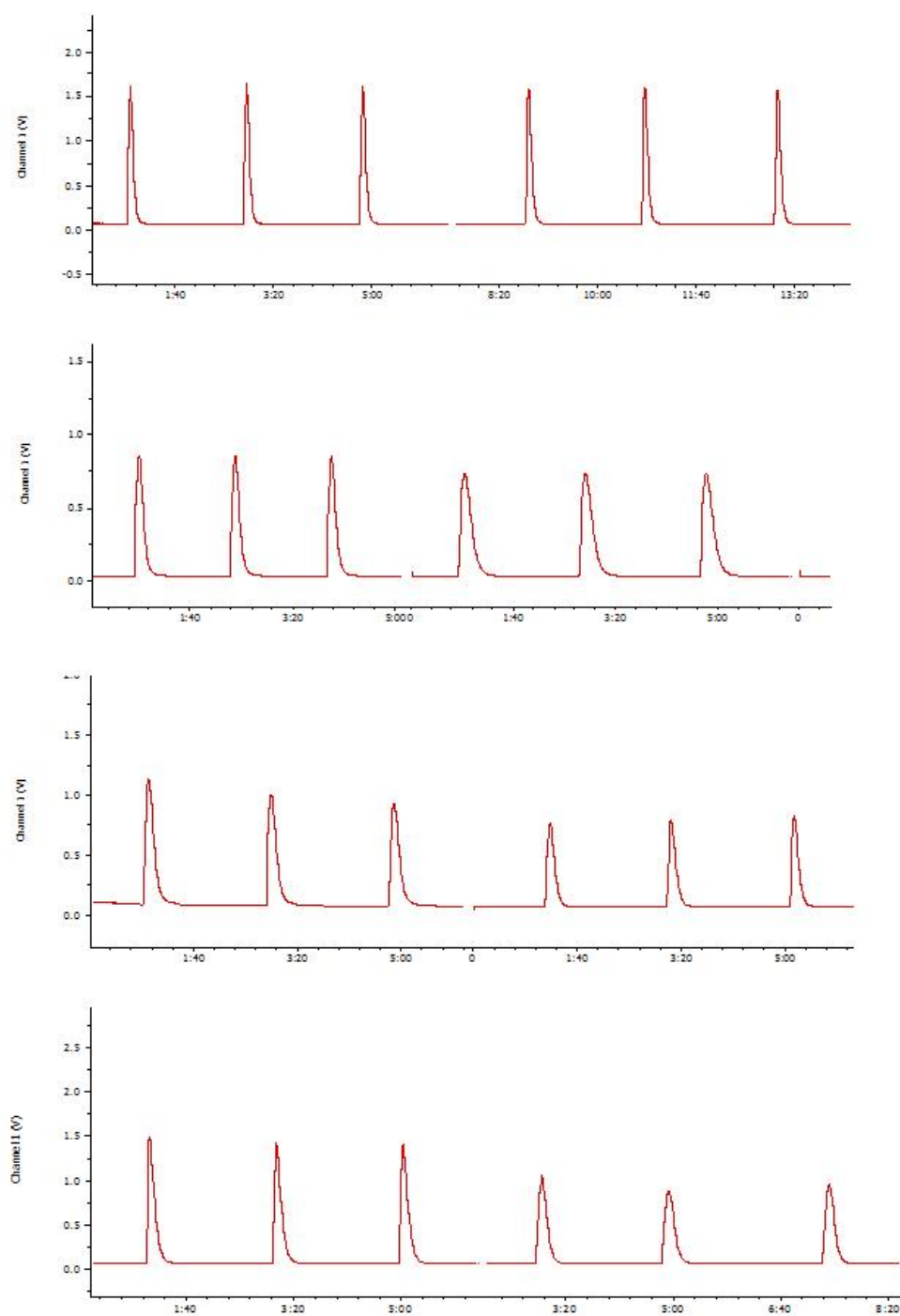


Figure 5.27 Signal profiles of sample 4.

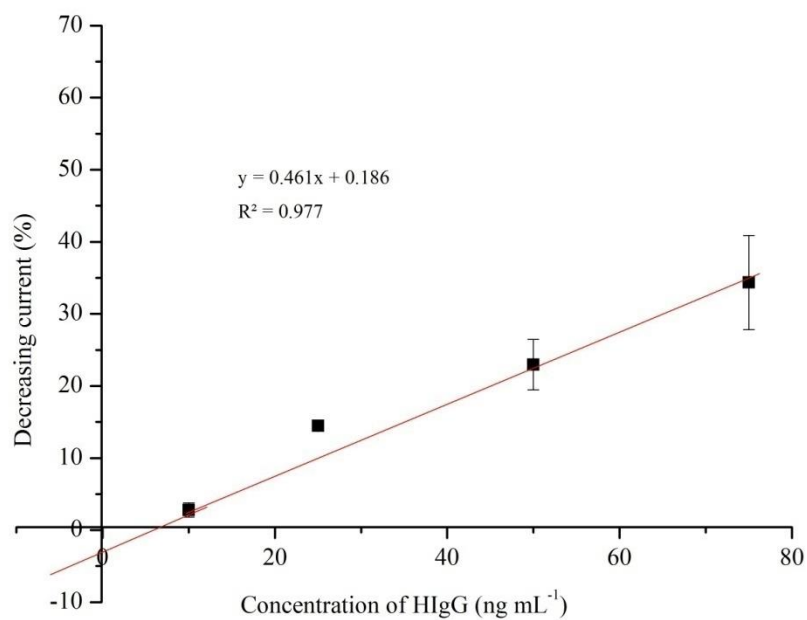


Figure 5.28 Standard addition graph of sample 4.

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APPENDIX C

Detection limit calculation

In this work, the detection limit was determined by based on three time of signal to noise ratio as the following equation:

$$\text{LOD}_{\text{signal}} = 3 \text{ signal / noise}$$

When $\text{signal / noise} = 0.0687$

Thus $\text{LOD}_{\text{signal}} = 3 \times 0.0687$

$$\text{LOD}_{\text{signal}} = 0.2061$$

Then, substituting in linear equation of

$$y = 0.540x - 0.714$$

$$0.2061 = 0.540x - 0.714$$

$$x = 1.703 \text{ ng mL}^{-1}$$

Therefore, LOD is 1.70 ng mL^{-1} .

CURRICULUM VITAE

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2016

C. Thunkhamrak, K. Ounnunkad, J.Jakmune,
“Sequential injection with electrochemical
immunosensor for sensitive determination of
human immunoglobulin G (Poster Presentation)”,
The 20th International Conference on Flow
Injection Analysis and Related Techniques
(20th ICFIA), Hotel Barceló Pueblo Park,
Palma de Mallorca, Spain, 2-7 October 2016.



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